

Niech $f_n :]0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$f_n(x) = \begin{cases} n & \text{dla } x \in]0, \frac{1}{2n}] \\ 2n^2(\frac{1}{n} - x) & \text{dla } x \in]\frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{n}] \\ 0 & \text{dla } x \in]\frac{1}{n}, 1] \end{cases}$$

$n=1$

$$f_1(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{dla } x \in]0, \frac{1}{2}] \\ 2(1-x) & \text{dla } x \in]\frac{1}{2}, 1] \\ 0 & \text{dla } x \in]1, 1] \end{cases}$$

$n=2$

$$f_2(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{dla } x \in]0, \frac{1}{4}] \\ 8(\frac{1}{2} - x) & \text{dla } x \in]\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}] \\ 0 & \text{dla } x \in]\frac{1}{2}, 1] \end{cases}$$

a) badam zbieżność punktową ciągu (f_n) na $]0,1]$

$$f_n \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{]0,1]} f \Leftrightarrow \forall_{x \in]0,1]} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) = f(x)$$

$$\forall_{x \in]0,1]} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) = 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0 \Rightarrow \forall_{x \in]0,1]} \exists n_0 \in \mathbb{N} \forall n \geq n_0 f_n(x) = 0$$

Odp. f_n jest zbieżny punktowo na przedziale $]0,1]$ do 0.

b) badam zbieżność jednostajną (f_n) na $]0,1]$

f_n - jest zbieżny w sensie metryki Czebyszewa

$$f_n \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{]0,1]} f \Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} d_c(f_n, f) = 0$$

$$d_c(f_n, f) = \sup_{x \in]0,1]} d_c(f_n(x), f(x))$$

$$d_c(f_n, f) = \sup_{x \in]0,1]} |f_n(x) - f(x)| = n$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \neq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} &]0,1] & \\ & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \\ f_n & \nearrow & f \\ & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \\ & n \rightarrow \infty & \end{array}$$

Odp. f_n nie jest zbieżne jednostajnie na przedziale $]0,1]$

c) porównać $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx$ i $\int_0^1 [\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x)] dx$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2n}} n dx + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\frac{1}{2n}}^{\frac{1}{n}} 2n^2 \left(\frac{1}{n} - x\right) dx + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\frac{1}{n}}^1 0 dx =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (nx) \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2n}} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\frac{1}{2n}}^{\frac{1}{n}} (2n - 2n^2 x) dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(n \cdot \frac{1}{2n} - n \cdot 0 \right) + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\frac{1}{2n}}^{\frac{1}{n}} 2n dx - \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\frac{1}{2n}}^{\frac{1}{n}} 2n^2 x dx =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (2nx - n^2 x^2) \Big|_{\frac{1}{2n}}^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{1}{2} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(2n \cdot \frac{1}{n} - n^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n^2} \right) - \left(2n \cdot \frac{1}{2n} - n^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4n^2} \right) \right] =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[1 - \frac{3}{4} \right] = \frac{1}{2} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\forall x \in]0,1] \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) = 0 \Rightarrow \int_0^1 [\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x)] dx = 0$$

$$\int_0^1 [\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x)] dx \neq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx$$